

SAFETY DATA SHEET

THINNER E THINNER

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet, Article 10 Paragraph 1

| Section 1. Chemical product and company identification | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| A. Product name | : THINNER E THINNER | | |
| SDS code | : 51707000X | | |
| | | | |
| B. <u>Relevant identified uses</u> | of the substance or mixture and uses advised against | | |
| | Identified uses | | |
| Thinner. Professional use Ind | ustrial use | | |
| | Uses advised against | | |
| All other uses | | | |
| Product use | : Thinner | | |
| C. Supplier's details | | | |
| MAPAERO SAS | | | |
| 10, Avenue de la Rij | | | |
| 09103 PAMIERS Ce | dex | | |
| France | | | |
| e-mail address of person responsible for | : PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com | | |
| this SDS | | | |
| Emergency telephone | : +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01 | | |
| number (with hours of operation) | +33 (0)5 61 60 23 30 | | |

Section 2. Hazards identification

| A. Hazard classification | AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 |
|--------------------------|--|
| | This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act. |

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Signal word

Symbol

: Danger

| Date of issue/Date of revision | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Date of previous issue | |



Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. |
|--------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P261 - Avoid breathing vapor. |
| Response | P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P403 + P235 - Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Other hazards which do | : None known. |

not result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

| Ingredient name | Common name | Identifiers | % |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|-----------|
| -butyl acetate | n-butyl acetate | CAS: 123-86-4 | ≥40 - ≤45 |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 4-methylpentan-2-one | CAS: 108-10-1 | ≥30 - ≤35 |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 1-methoxy-2-propanol | CAS: 107-98-2 | ≥25 - ≤30 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

| Α. | Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of veyelids. Check for and remove any cominutes. Get medical attention. | | |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| В. | Skin contact | : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 1 clothing before reuse. Clean shoes th | 0 minutes. Get medical atter | • |
| С. | Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep a If it is suspected that fumes are still pr mask or self-contained breathing appa or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide personnel. It may be dangerous to the resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery posir Maintain an open airway. Loosen tigh waistband. | resent, the rescuer should we aratus. If not breathing, if brea artificial respiration or oxyger e person providing aid to give If necessary, call a poison ce tion and get medical attention | ar an appropriate athing is irregular by trained mouth-to-mouth nter or physician. |
| Dat | e of issue/Date of revision | : 9-12-2022 | Version : 3 | |
| Dat | e of previous issue | : 6-10-2022 | 2/13 | AkzoNobel |

Section 4. First aid measures

| D. Ingestion | Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of wath drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous nduce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get mattention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anyth mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight cloth as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. | ater to Do not occurs, edical ing by n and get |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| E. Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if la quantities have been ingested or inhaled. | arge |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. | |
| Protection of first-aiders | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable train s suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appro mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the pe providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. | priate |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| | | | - |
|----|---|---|--|
| Α. | Extinguishing media | | |
| | Suitable extinguishing media | : | Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| | Unsuitable extinguishing media | : | Do not use water jet. |
| В. | Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : | Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. |
| | Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| C. | Special protective equipment for fire- fighters | : | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| | Special precautions for fire-fighters | : | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

| Α. | Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|----|--|---|---|
| В. | Environmental | : | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, |

precautions drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).



Section 6. Accidental release measures

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

Section 7. Handling and storage

A. Precautions for safe handling

| | Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|----|--|---|
| | Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| В. | Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

A. <u>Control parameters</u> Occupational exposure limits



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| p -butyl acetate | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| - | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Ministry of Employment and Labor |
| | (Republic of Korea, 1/2020). |
| | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| | | |

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

C. Personal protective equipment

| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |
|------------------------|---|
| Eye protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| Α. | Appearance | | |
|----|---|---|---|
| | Physical state | : | Liquid. |
| | Color | : | Colorless. |
| В. | Odor | : | Characteristic. |
| С. | Odor threshold | : | Not available. |
| D. | рН | : | Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262] |
| Ε. | Melting/freezing point | : | Not available. |
| F. | Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : | Not available. |
| G. | Flash point | : | Øosed cup: 14°C (57.2°F) [Pensky-Martens] |
| Н. | Evaporation rate | : | Not available. |
| I. | Flammability (solid, gas) | : | Not available. |
| J. | Lower and upper explosive (flammable) | : | Not available. |

K. Vapor pressure : Vapor Pressure at 20°C Vapor pressure at 50°C kPa Method mm Hg kPa Method Ingredient name mm Hg 2.1 4-methylpentan-2-one 15.75 n-butyl acetate 11.25 1.5 DIN EN 13016-2

| | 1-methoxy-2-propanol | 8.5 | 1.1 | | | |
|----|---------------------------|---------|----------------|----------------|---|--|
| L. | Solubility(ies) | : | | | | |
| | Media | | Result | | | |
| | cold water | | Not soluble [| OESO (TG 105)] |] | |
| | Solubility in water | : Not a | vailable. | | | |
| Μ. | Vapor density | : | | | | |
| N. | Density | : 0.866 | 6 g/cm³ [DIN E | N ISO 2811-1] | | |
| О. | Partition coefficient: n- | : Not a | pplicable. | | | |

O. Partition coefficient: noctanol/water

:

:6-10-2022

P. Auto-ignition

Date of previous issue

limits

| | temperature | | | | | |
|-----------|------------------------------|------------|----------|-------|---|------|
| | Ingredient name | | °C | °F | Method | |
| | 1-methoxy-2-propanol | | 270 | 518 | | |
| | n-butyl acetate | | 415 | 779 | EU A.15 | |
| | 4-methylpentan-2-one | | 448 | 838.4 | | |
| Q. | Decomposition temperature | : Not avai | lable. | | | |
| R. | Viscosity | | | | 12 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 32 [DIN EN ISO 3219] | 219] |
| S. | Molecular weight | : Not app | licable. | | | |
| <u>Pa</u> | rticle characteristics | | | | | |
| N | ledian particle size | : Not app | licable. | | | |
| Dat | te of issue/Date of revision | : 9-12-20 | 22 | Ve | rsion :3 | |

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Α. | Chemical stability | : | The product is stable. |
|----|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| | Possibility of hazardous reactions | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| В. | Conditions to avoid | : | Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| C. | Incompatible materials | : | Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |
| D. | Hazardous decomposition products | : | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| Α. | Information on the likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. |
|----|--|------------|---|
| | Potential acute health effe | ect | <u>s</u> |
| | Inhalation | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| | Ingestion | : | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. |
| | Skin contact | : | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| | Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| | Over-exposure signs/sym | <u>ipt</u> | <u>oms</u> |
| | Inhalation | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness |
| | Ingestion | : | No specific data. |
| | Skin contact | : | No specific data. |
| | Eye contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------|--------------------|----------|--|
| p-butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 390 ppm | 4 hours | |
| | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Mouse | 6 g/m ³ | 2 hours | |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >17600 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 1230 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | 4700 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 6 g/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rabbit | 3200 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10768 mg/kg | - | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Guinea pig | 800 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Mouse | 268 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 400 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Guinea pig | 1600 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 1900 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Mouse | 2850 mg/kg | - | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2080 mg/kg | - | |
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Section 11. Toxicological information

| LD50 Oral | Rat | 4600 mg/kg | - |
|----------------------|---|---|---|
| LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 10000 ppm | 5 hours |
| LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 13 g/kg | - |
| LD50 Intraperitoneal | Rat | 3720 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Intravenous | Mouse | 5300 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Intravenous | Rabbit | 1200 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Intravenous | Rat | 4200 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Oral | Mouse | 11700 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Oral | Rabbit | 5700 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | 6600 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Subcutaneous | Rabbit | 5 g/kg | - |
| LD50 Subcutaneous | Rat | 7800 mg/kg | - |
| | LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal LD50 Intraperitoneal LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Intravenous LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Subcutaneous | LC50 Inhalation Gas.RatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 IntraperitonealRatLD50 IntravenousMouseLD50 IntravenousRabbitLD50 IntravenousRatLD50 OralMouseLD50 OralRabbitLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 SubcutaneousRabbit | LC50 Inhalation Gas.Rat10000 ppmLD50 DermalRabbit13 g/kgLD50 IntraperitonealRat3720 mg/kgLD50 IntravenousMouse5300 mg/kgLD50 IntravenousRabbit1200 mg/kgLD50 IntravenousRat4200 mg/kgLD50 IntravenousRat4200 mg/kgLD50 OralMouse11700 mg/kgLD50 OralRabbit5700 mg/kgLD50 OralRat6600 mg/kgLD50 SubcutaneousRabbit5 g/kg |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|----------|-------------|--|
| p -butyl acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - | |
| | | | | 500 mg | | |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - | |
| | | | | 100 UI | | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 40 mg | - | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - | |
| | | | | 500 mg | | |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours | - | |
| | - | | | 500 mg | | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - | |

Sensitization

Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | Classification |
|------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| ₩ -methylpentan-2-one | CAS: 108-10-1 | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 |

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP | ACGIH |
|--|------|---------|-----|----------|
| methylpentan-2-one 1-methoxy-2-propanol | - | 2B - | - | A3 A4 |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | · · · · · · · · · | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| n-butyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

| General Carcinogenicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Mutagenicity Reproductive toxicity | No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|----------|
| p -butyl acetate | Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia salina | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Danio rerio | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| 51 | Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo | 33 days |

B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

C. Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|-----------|
| -butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | low |
| 4-methylpentan-2-one | 1.9 | - | low |
| 1-methoxy-2-propanol | <1 | - | low |

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

E. Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.



Section 13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- **B.** Disposal precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | UN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| A. UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | |
| B. UN proper shipping name | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | |
| C. Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| D. Packing group | II | II | II | |
| E. Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | |

product know what to do in

Additional information

| IMDG | : Emergency schedules F-E, _S-E_ MDG Code Segregation group Not applicable |
|------------------------------------|--|
| F. Special precautions for user | : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do the event of an accident or spillage. |

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. <u>Regulation according to ISHA</u> **ISHA** article 117 : None of the components are listed. (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) **ISHA article 118** : None of the components are listed. (Harmful substances requiring permission)

Section 15. Regulatory information

| | • | |
|----|---|--|
| | Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth | : Not applicable. |
| | Exposure Limits of Chemi | cal Substances and Physical Factors |
| | The following components F-butyl acetate 4-methylpentan-2-one 1-methoxy-2-propanol | have an OEL: |
| | ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors) | : None of the components are listed. |
| | ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement) | : ₱he following components are listed: n-butyl acetate, methyl isobutyl ketone |
| | ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check- up) | : The following components are listed: Methyl isobutyl ketone |
| | Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control) | : The following components are listed: n-butyl acetate, methyl isobutyl ketone |
| В. | Regulation according to C | hemicals Control Act |
| | Article 11 (TRI) | : None of the components are listed. |
| | Article 18 Prohibited (K- Reach Article 27) | : None of the components are listed. |
| | Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) | : None of the components are listed. |
| | Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20) | : Not applicable |
| | Article 20 Restricted (K- Reach Article 27) | : None of the components are listed. |
| | Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals) | : None of the components are listed. |
| | Existing Chemical Substances Subject to Registration | : None of the components are listed. |
| C. | Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act | Class: Class 4 - Flammable Liquid Item: 2. Class 1 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid Threshold: 200 L Danger category: II Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited |
| D. | Wastes regulation | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| - | Population according to a | they ferring lowe |

E. <u>Regulation according to other foreign laws</u>

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Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

| A. References | Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances United States Environmental Protection Agency ECOTOX |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| B. Date of issue/Date of revision | : 9 December 2022 |
| C. Version | : 3 |
| Unique ID | : |
| Date of printing | : 9 December 2022 |
| D. Other | |
| Indicates information the | at has changed from previously issued version. |
| Key to abbreviations | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |

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Section 16. Other information

