

SAFETY DATA SHEET

THINNER E THINNER

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier SDS code

: THINNER E THINNER : 51707000X

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses		
Thinner. Professional us	Industrial use	
	Restrictions on use	
All other uses		
Product use	: Thinner	
Supplier's details		
MAPAERO SAS		
10, Avenue de la Rijole CS30098		
09103 PAMIERS Cedex France		

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: PSRA_PAMIERS@akzonobel.com
Emergency telephone	: +33 (0)5 34 01 34 01
number	+33 (0)5 61 60 23 30

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Suspected of causing cancer.

Signal word	-	Danger
Hazard statements	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
		Causes serious eye irritation.
		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

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Section 2. Hazard identification

: Øbtain special instructions before use. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor.
: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
-butyl acetate	≥25 - ≤50	123-86-4
4-methylpentan-2-one	≥25 - ≤50	108-10-1
1-methoxy-2-propanol	≥25 - ≤50	107-98-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of very eyelids. Check for and remove any communities. Get medical attention.	, , ,	• •
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep a If it is suspected that fumes are still pr mask or self-contained breathing appa or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide personnel. It may be dangerous to the resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery posi Maintain an open airway. Loosen tigh waistband.	resent, the rescuer should aratus. If not breathing, if I artificial respiration or oxy e person providing aid to g If necessary, call a poison tion and get medical attent	wear an appropriate breathing is irregular gen by trained ive mouth-to-mouth center or physician. ion immediately.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 1 clothing before reuse. Clean shoes th	0 minutes. Get medical a	5
Ingestion	: Mash out mouth with water. Remove swallowed and the exposed person is drink. Stop if the exposed person feel induce vomiting unless directed to do the head should be kept low so that vo attention. If necessary, call a poison of mouth to an unconscious person. If u medical attention immediately. Mainta	conscious, give small qua ls sick as vomiting may be so by medical personnel. omit does not enter the lun center or physician. Never nconscious, place in recov	ntities of water to dangerous. Do not If vomiting occurs, gs. Get medical give anything by very position and get
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Section 4. First aid measures

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
<u>Over-exposure signs/symp</u>	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , w	ater spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical		nd vapor. Runoff to sewer may created, a pressure increase will occur a bsequent explosion.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products r carbon dioxide carbon monoxide	may include the following materials:	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	there is a fire. No action suitable training. Move co	e by removing all persons from the shall be taken involving any persona ontainers from fire area if this can b re-exposed containers cool.	al risk or without
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.



Section 7. Handling and storage

incompatibilities ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities	materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
r butyl acetate	DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). Notes: Occupational exposure limit – restricted limit TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
4-methylpentan-2-one	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Occupational exposure limit – restricted
1-methoxy-2-propanol	limit TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. DOL OEL (South Africa, 3/2021).
	Absorbed through skin. Notes: Occupational exposure limit – restricted limit TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	s	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: 🖉losed cup: 14°C (57.2°F) [Pensky-Martens]
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	:

		Vapor Pressure at 20°C			/apor pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
4-methylpentan-2-one	15.75	2.1				
n-butyl acetate	11.25	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
1-methoxy-2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
Relative vapor density	: Not av	ailable.				
Density	: 0.866	g/cm³ [DIN	EN ISO 2811-1]			
Solubility(ies)	:					
Media	R	esult				
old water	N	ot soluble [OESO (TG 105)]			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not ap	plicable.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12	-2022		Version : 2	2.02	
Date of previous issue	:6-10	-2022		6/12		AkzoNob

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Auto-ignition temperature	:				
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
1-methoxy-2-propanol		270	518		
n-butyl acetate		415	779	EU A.15	
4-methylpentan-2-one		448	838.4		
Decomposition temperature	: Not availa	able.			
Viscosity		c (room temperature c (40°C (104°F)): 6		St) [DIN EN ISO 3219] EN ISO 3219]	
Particle characteristics Median particle size	: Not appli	cable.			
Section 10. Stabil	ity and r	reactivity			
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.				
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.				
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.				
Conditions to avoid				flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, to heat or sources of ignition.	
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials				
Hazardous decomposition products		ormal conditions of a of be produced.	storage and use, h	azardous decomposition products	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p -butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
-	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Mouse	6 g/m ³	2 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1230 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	4700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	3200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
4-methylpentan-2-one	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	268 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1900 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	2850 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4600 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	10000 ppm	5 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	3720 mg/kg	-
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Versio	on : 2.02	1
ate of previous issue	:6-10-2022	7/12		AkzoNobel

THINNER E THINNER

Section 11. Toxicological information

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LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	5300 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	1200 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intravenous	Rat	4200 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Mouse	11700 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rabbit	5700 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
LD50 Subcutaneous	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	7800 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
p -butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				UI	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
4-methylpentan-2-one	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Data of issue/Data of revision	Version	• 2.02
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depr dizziness.	ession. May cause drowsiness or
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Potential acute health ener	•	

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9-12-2022	Version : 2.02	
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	<u>S</u>
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
p-butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 62000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 185000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Danio rerio Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Fish - Menidia beryllina Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
4-methylpentan-2-one	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 540000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 537000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours 96 hours 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Embryo	21 days 33 days

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 2.02	
Date of previous issue	: 6-10-2022	9/12	AkzoNobel

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
-butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.9	-	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	11	II	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional informat	tion		

Section 14. Transport information

Additional information

IMDG

: <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, _S-E_ <u>MDG Code Segregation group</u> Not applicable



Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Inventory list		
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	:	🕅 components are listed or exempted.
Turkey	:	All components are listed or exempted.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 9 December 2022
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Unique ID	:
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
AMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9-12-2022	Version : 2.02	
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Section 16. Other information

Notice to reader

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

IMPORTANT NOTE The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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